## **Literary Elements of Fiction**

19. 3<sup>rd</sup> Person Limited 1. Exposition 10. Character 20. 3<sup>rd</sup> Person Omniscient 2. Rising Action 11. Flat Character 3. Climax 12. Round Character 21. Motivation 4. Falling Action 13. Conflict 22. Symbol 14. External Conflict 5. Resolution 23. Tone 15. Internal Conflict 6. Irony 24. Dialect 16. Point of View 7. Setting 25. Foreshadowing 8. Plot 17. 1<sup>st</sup> Person 26. Static Character 9. Theme 18. 3rd Person Objective 27. Dynamic Character

-Provides background information that the reader needs to know

-As the story progresses, the actions and feelings of the characters intensify as their problems become more complicated

-The sequence of actions and events in a literary work.

-A character who undergoes a permanent change in outlook during the work.

-Attitude a writer takes toward the writing of the work through the choice of words and details -A person, place or thing representing something beyond itself

-The narrator tells the story using the pronouns I and me and is usually a character within the story.

-Complex and have many sides; behavior is unpredictable

-The time and place in which the action occurs.

-Persons, animals, things or natural forces

-The turning point of the plot.

-The reasons behind a character's actions

-The technique of hinting about an event that will occur later in a story.

-The perspective from which the story is told.

-Describes the results of the major events as the action winds down

-The struggle between opposing forces that is the basis of the plot of a story.

-The contrast between what is expected and what actually exists or happens.

-A language as it is spoken in a certain place or among a certain group of people

-A character that remains basically unchanged throughout the work.

-This occurs when a character struggles within himself or herself, such as to make a decision.

-This occurs between a character and a force of nature or between a character and society or any outside force working against the character

-The message or insight about life or human nature that the writer presents to the reader.

-Uses the pronouns he, she and they but can see into the minds of *all* of the characters.

-Stereotypes, one or two sided representing only one or two traits

-Loose ends are tied up and any remaining questions are resolved

- Uses the pronouns he, she and they but can see into only the mind of *one* of the characters.

-The narrator is outside the story using the pronouns he, she, and they; knows only what other character say or do.