

# Computer Lab Instructions for Independent Work

## February 20, 2017

1. Students will progress on the following today:
  - a. Typing of the research paper, minimum of 400 words.
  - b. Parenthetical citations – use Noodle Tools for (in-text ref).

### **How do I format my paper BEFORE STARTING?**

DO NOT use a HEADER!

Set the paper to double space. Include an MLA heading with creative title. Begin typing each paragraph: Intro, body paragraphs with TS, CDs/CMs, and CS, and the conclusion.

### **How do I parenthetically cite inside my paper?**

An example research paper is shown below it is only an example of the parenthetical documentation.

The example research paper is hi-lighted ONLY to help the writer see where one source ended and another began. ***Students will highlight after typing to know where to insert the parenthetical documentation.***

### ***How do I know what to put inside the parenthesis?***

In Noodle Tools, open the project and select the “Sources” tab. To the right of each cited source find the “Options” link and click it. Click “In Text Reference”. A dialogue box appears that shows exactly how the citation will appear in your paper. Copy and Paste. Format the font to match the paper. **If it is a PRINT source without a page number**, go back to the source in EBSCO and click the “Cite” button near the “Permalink” button on the right and look at the MLA citation. If no page numbers are present in the MLA sample citation, leave them out. If page numbers are included, enter the page number containing the concrete detail in the dialogue box, and the citation will auto correct to include the page number. **Do not include [page#].**

### ***Multiple Sources Within ONE Paragraph***

If the writer changes sources within a paragraph (denoted by two different colors of hi-lighting), a parenthetical citation must occur before information from the next source starts. (See Paragraph 2 of the sample paper)

### ***One paragraph and ONLY One Source***

If the writer does not change sources within a paragraph and a wide range of pages was not consulted, the parenthetical citation will be placed at the end of the paragraph since we do not use information coming from multiple pages within a source.

Every paragraph in the body will have at least one citation; the intro will only have one if something specific is cited not known to the general public, such as a specific event’s not known to the general public. At least three sources should be cited.

Maples Duttens

Mr. Thompson

English-1

20 February 2017

### NBA Affects the Present, Past, and Future

A merger is known as a combination of two things, especially companies, into one.

Would merging two leagues be a positive or negative decision? On August 4th, 1949, the NBL and BAA, changing basketball history, merged to create the NBA (Then and Now of the NBA).

On the day of the merging the basketball world was altered. The president of BAA, Podoloff, called NBL manager, Bennet, to set up a convention for the brainstorming of the NBA. This was a huge modification and secret to the NBL (Sebring). The NBL's best players jumped to the BAA right before the merge. The BAA's pros were the media and arenas; it was going to be an easier reconstruction ("The Commissioners"). After the BAA was renamed NBA; The national basketball association flows better and merges both names (Sebring). The league then split into eastern, western, and central divisions. This created different brackets and more excitement for the fans across the country. The NBA had a small league of twelve teams with 60 games to play. Compared to today a sixty game season is very short. Although the NBA is still changing the merging of the NBL and BAA greatly improved basketball ("The Commissioners").

The impact that the NBA had as the merging was occurring was not very drastic. The NBA lost players that they thought would happily join them. This was a problem because they were already lacking count for teams. Another issue was the loss of fans. No one wanted to cheer for a dysfunctional association. Especially since some star players did not associate with the NBA ("NBA Is Born"). After the merging the NBL could not stay financially. With no star

players came little to no fans. The NBA had the spotlight that had once fit the NBL (Sebring).

One of the biggest impacts the NBA had in the 1900s was smaller franchises moved to larger

cities. The larger cities were more industrialized and had a bigger population meaning more fans

("NBA Is Born"). The NBA expanded across the world though. The idea was much more

pleasing and the opportunities showed for more success and fame. The national Basketball

Association changed the 1950s both positively and negatively ("The Commissioners").

The NBA merge still has an impact today. Today people can go to an NBA game or

watch it on their television. The games are very amusing and make a great experience. Many

people support their home teams, which gives the states better economies. Fans show true spirit

with supporting. Everyone loves cheering for their home heroes. Another cause and effect from

the merger is the story itself put into the hall of fame. The hall of fame is very interesting and

popular. The National basketball league has created one of the most popular impacts on society

today (Sebring).

In conclusion the NBA merging has created impacts back then, now, and in the future.

Without the NBA people would not be shown the amazing world of basketball as greatly as

shown today. The national basketball association merger was one of the most impacting events

in history.